

Connecting Rod Solutions

great laser makes great products



Solutions We Provide



Laser Scribing



Laser Marking



Laser Grooving



Laser Hardening



Laser Drilling



Laser Cleaning



Laser Welding



Laser Cladding



Laser Sintering

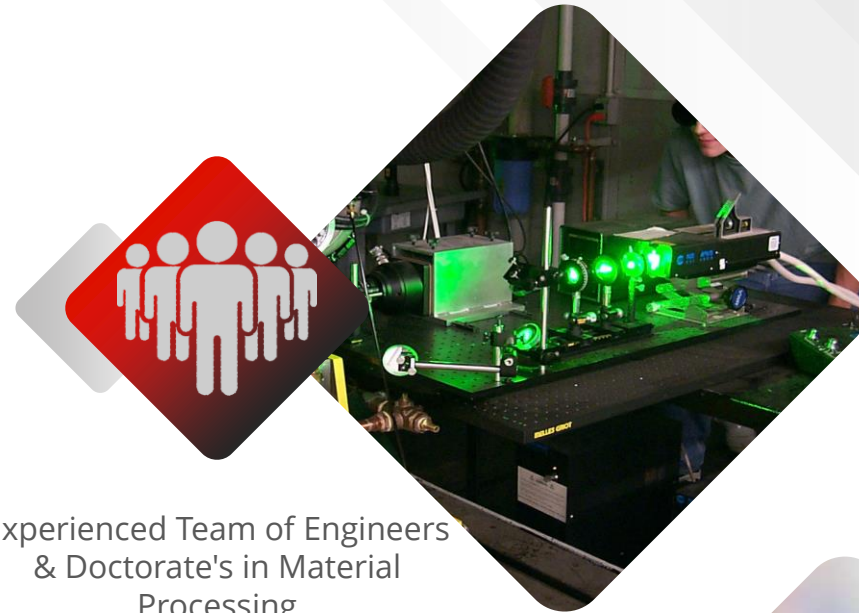


Laser Cutting

Why US?



+225,000 Hours Laser Processing
+500 Applications Developed



Experienced Team of Engineers
& Doctorate's in Material Processing



Cost Effective Solution with
Experience in Industrial
Automation



Application Lab is well
Equipped for Material
Processing & Sampling

Our Clients

Kalyani Forge

Mahindra (Tractor)

Bharat Forge

Bajaj Motors

Sansera Engineering

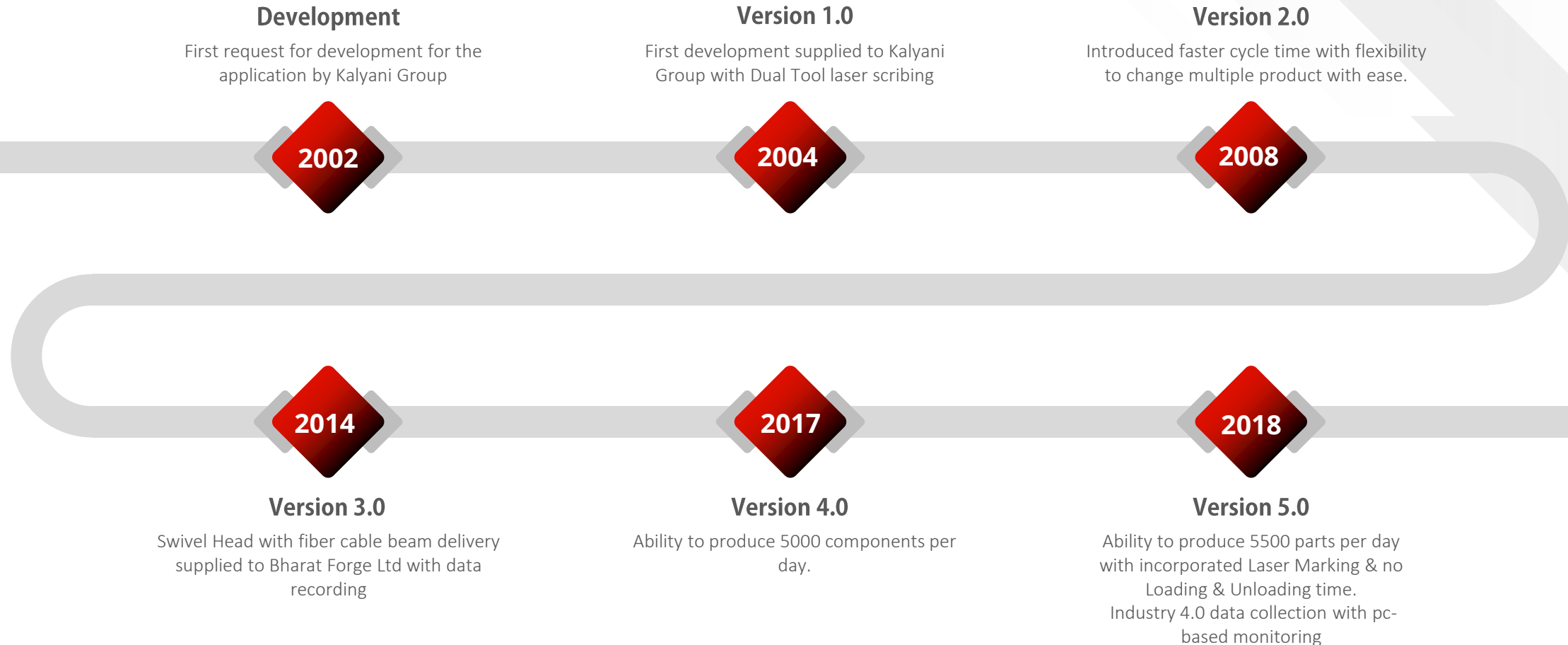
Devgiri Forgings

Magal Tech

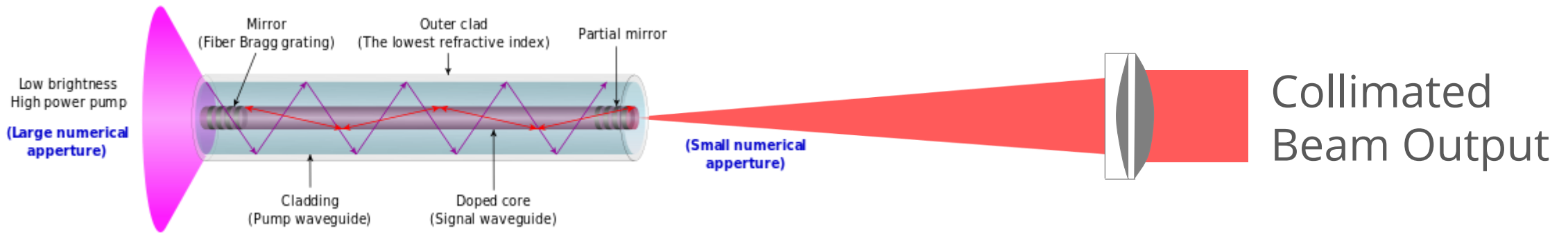
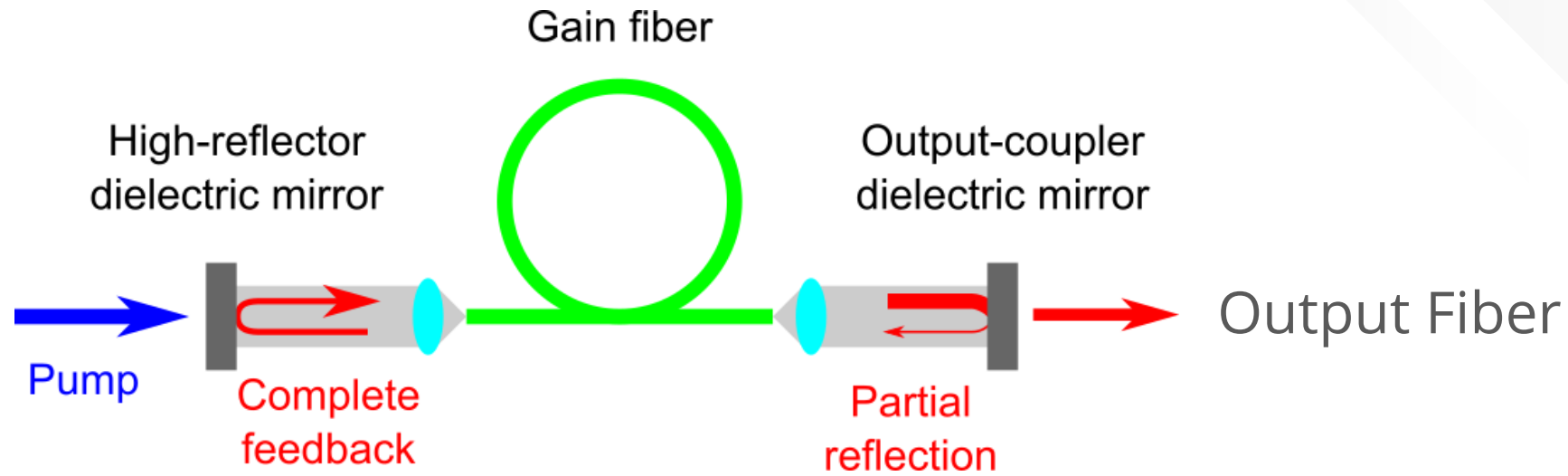
M M Forgings

Radha Krishna Forgings

Product Road Map

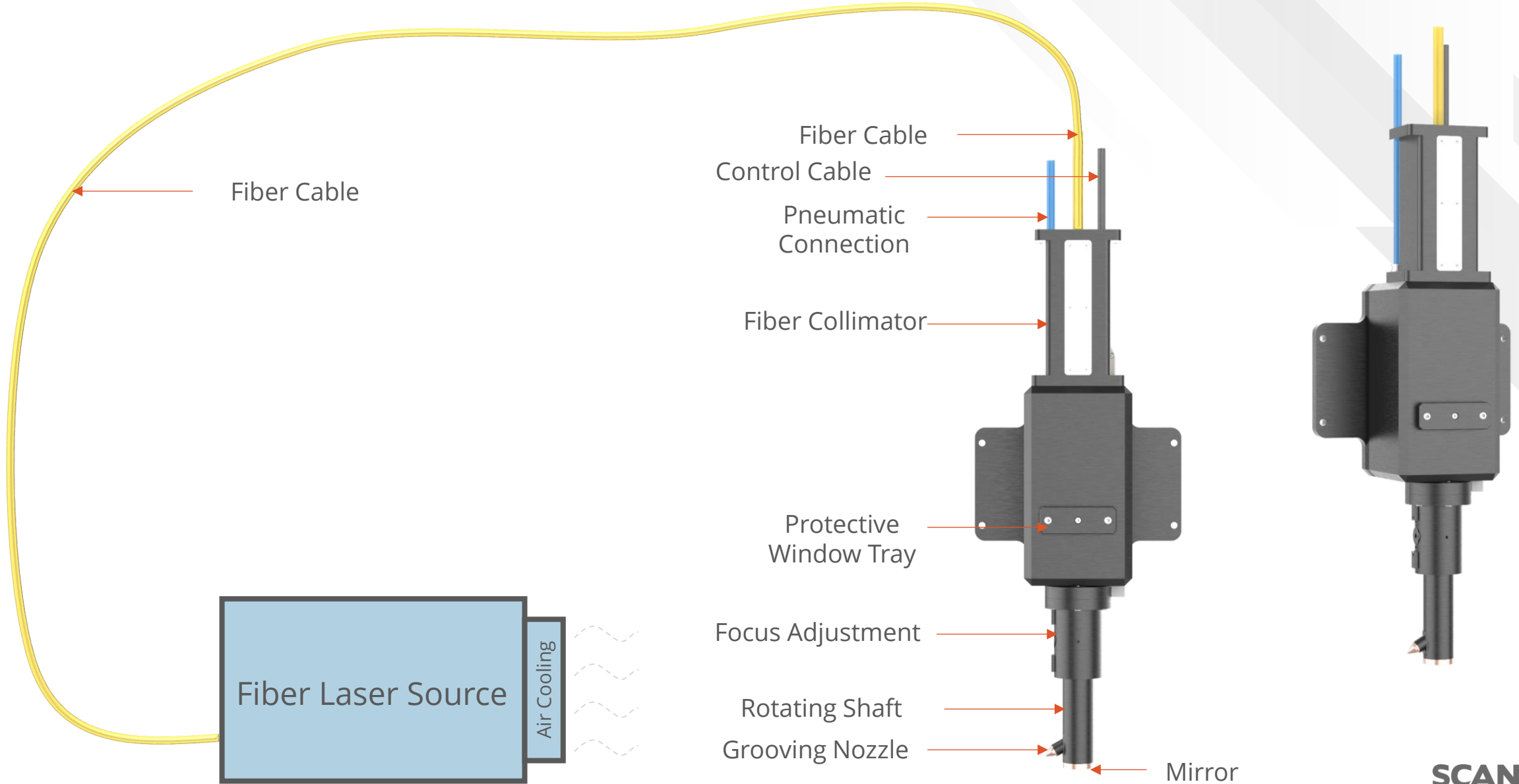


Laser Source – Fiber Laser Principle



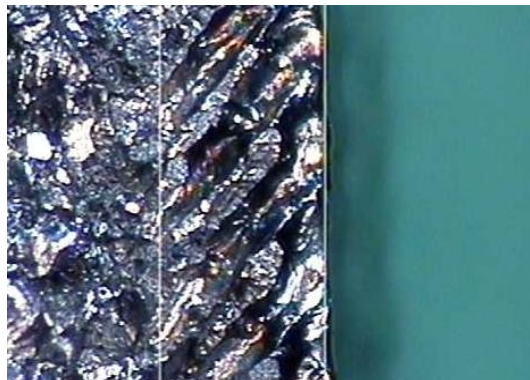
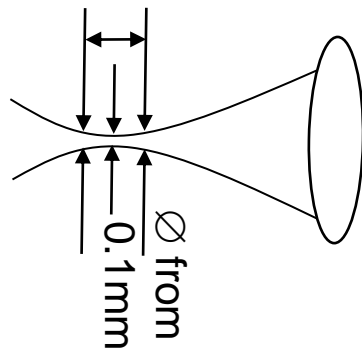
Uncollimated Beam Output

Laser Source – Fiber Laser Setup

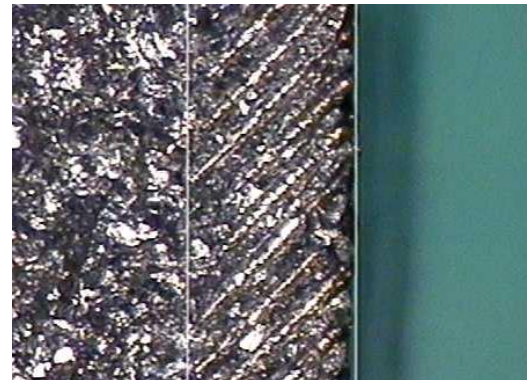
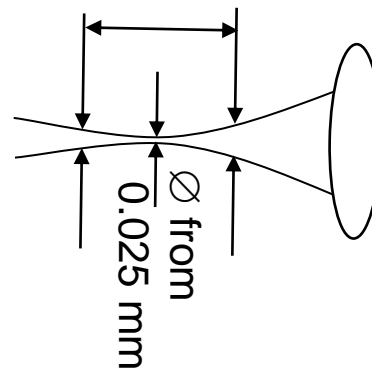


Material Processing – Fiber vs Lamp Pump

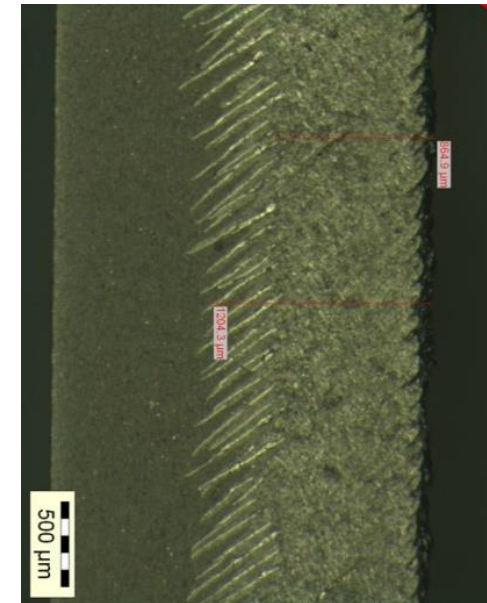
Other Lasers
Depth of Focus



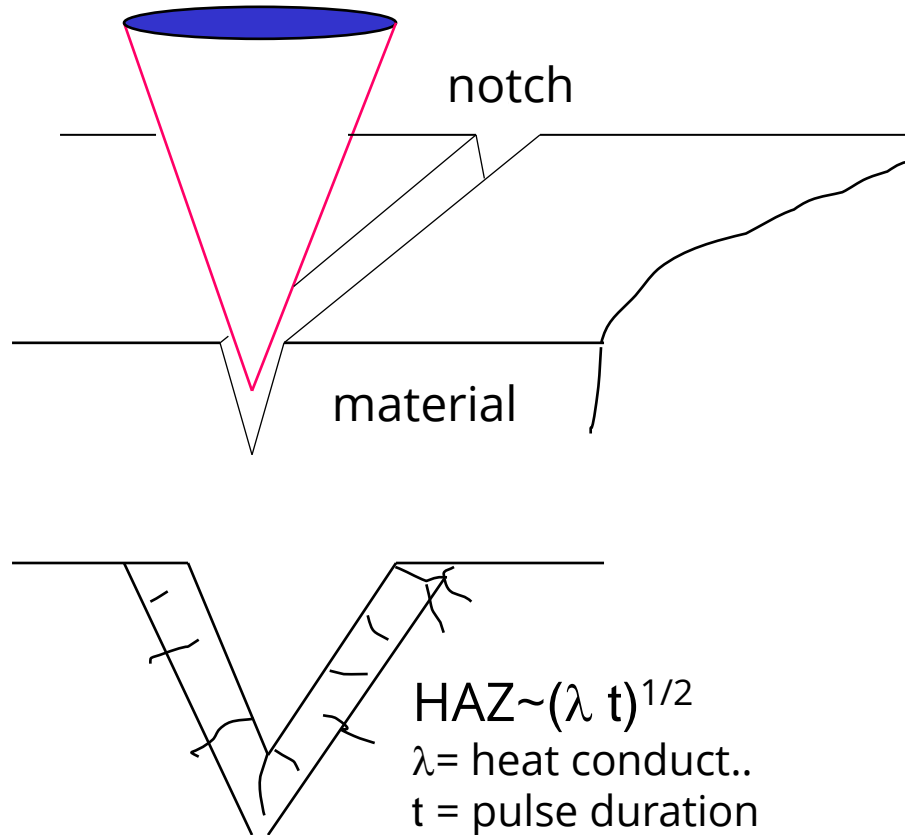
Fiber Laser
Depth of Focus



- Less Force
- Less Deformation
- Less Chipping
- Less HAZ
- Smaller Kerf



Material Processing – Fiber vs Lamp Pump



Lamp Pump (Perforated Notch):

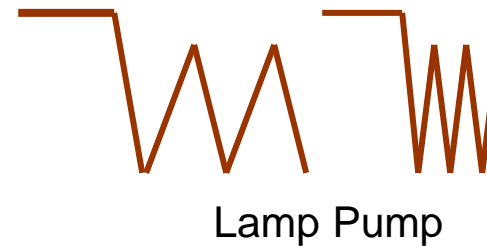
Depth: pulse power/pulse energy/duration

Speed: average power/pulse rate

Fiber Laser (Continuous Notch):

Depth: pulse power/pulse energy/pulse rate

Speed: average power/pulse rate



QFS

HAZ

Less Microcracks/Pulse Energy/Power/Speed

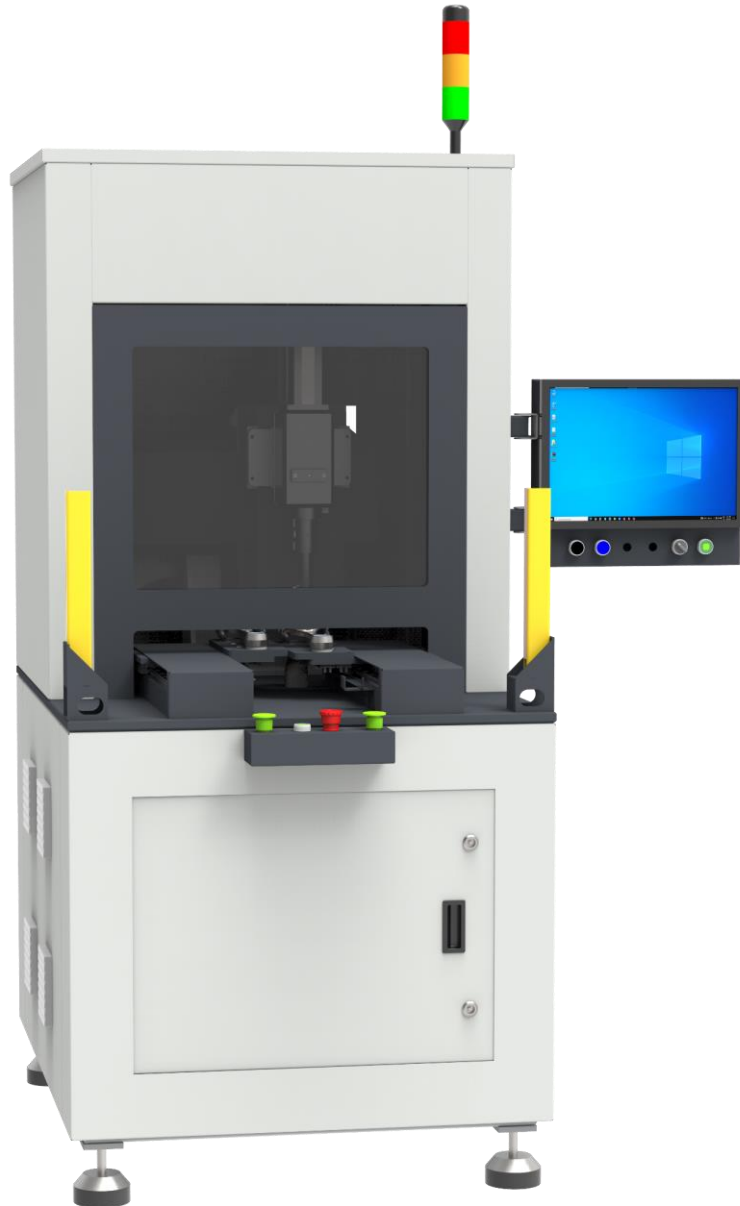
Process Summary

- Different types of optics & mode selection as per applications
- Level of energy distribution nearly perfect, thus even scribing results
- Closed-loop control by assist of position feedback for even depth and high quality results
- Short wavelength enabling superior absorption, thus highest process efficiency of all laser types



Laser Scribing of Connecting Rod

Proposed Model



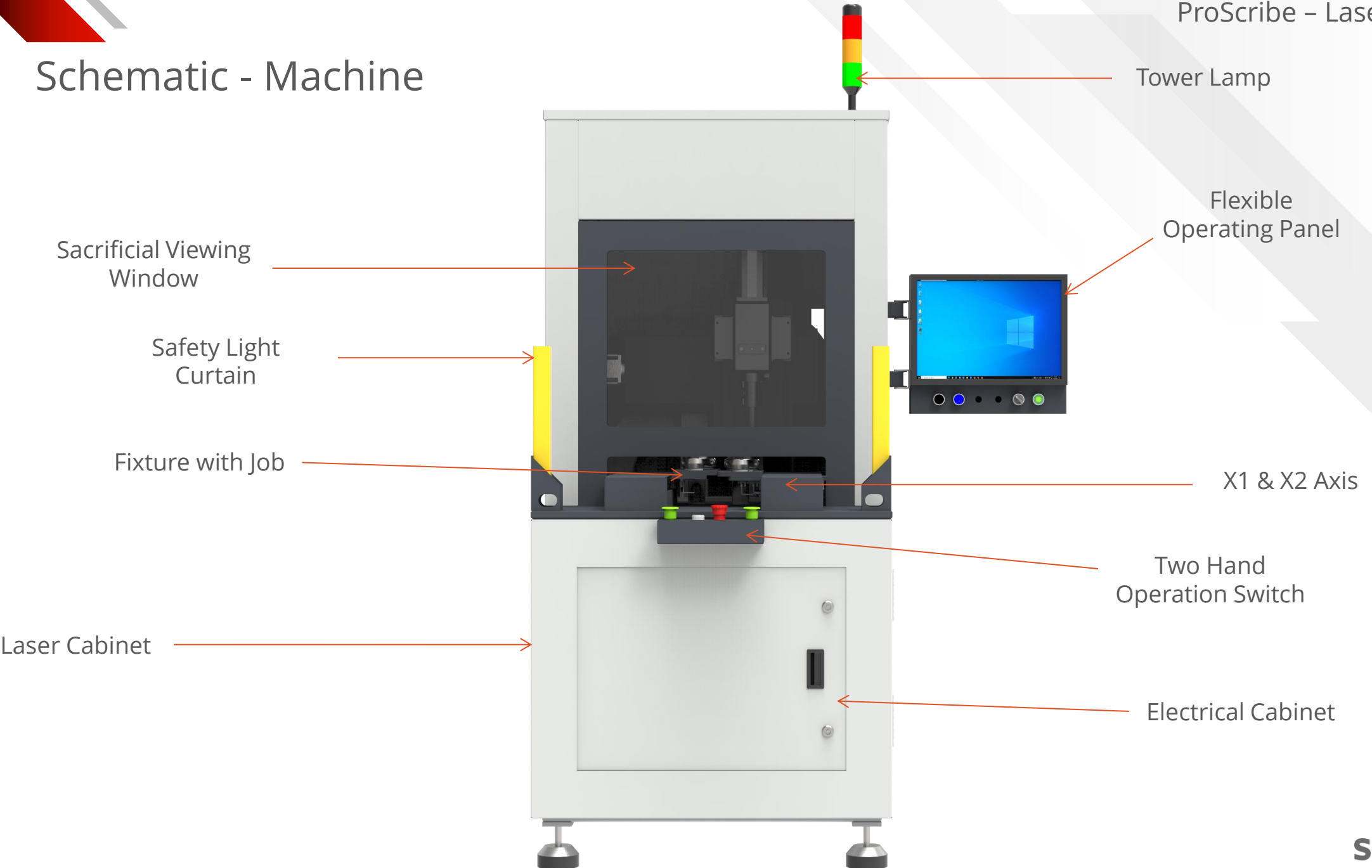
ProScribe 3000

Scribing with Fiber Laser

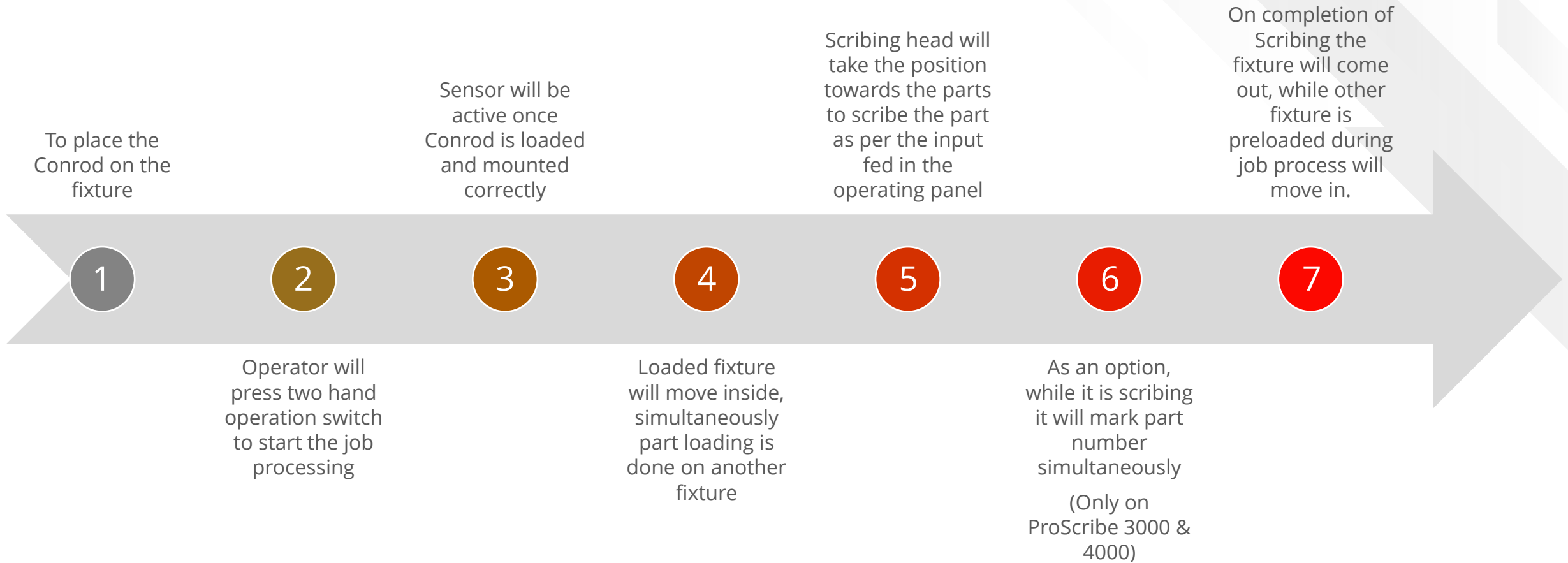
Version 5.0



Schematic - Machine



Process Flow



Production Data

Loading Time & Unloading Time: **0 Sec**

Traverse Time: **3 Sec**

Laser Scribing Time: **6 Sec**

Positioning Time: **7 Sec**

Total Job Out Time: **15 Sec.**



Machine Features



Product Recipe



3 Level Security



Error Log Report



Synchronized Database



Alarm Log Data



Shift Data Report



Poka-Yoke



Safety Light Curtain



Servo With Built-In Encoders



Job Sensors

Poka-Yoke: Contact Type

1. Fixture on the machine is equipped with proximity sensor which will not allow the process to continue further unless the part is properly inserted.
2. If All axis are not at Home position, further process will not start. Sequence of steps will be as given below :
 - a. First step – Reset all Alarms
 - b. Second step – Home » All axis reference
 - c. Third step – Press the Cycle start button
3. Tip Touch Sensor to stop head from crashing with the job in case of any system malfunction.

Poka-Yoke: Motion Stop Type

1. If Emergency button is pressed to stops the process Immediately when an error is detected. To start the operation again correct number of sequence of steps should be taken are as follows:
 - a. First step – Laser Control » Laser ON » External Activation
 - b. Second step – Home » Axis reference
 - c. Third step – All Alarm » Reset
2. Alarm buzzer will sound if
 - a. Nozzle collide with the component.
 - b. Any external metal part comes around the job location.

Poka-Yoke: Warning Type

1. Laser will not fire if:
 - a. Job is not loaded at Scribing Fixture.
 - b. Proximity sensor does not sense the Job.
 - c. Laser is not in ON mode.
 - d. All axis are not at Home position.
2. Status Warning Alarm:
 - a. Panel doors are open.
 - b. Electrical Panel Temperature is high.
 - c. Safety Light Curtain Active
3. Wrong fixture alarm

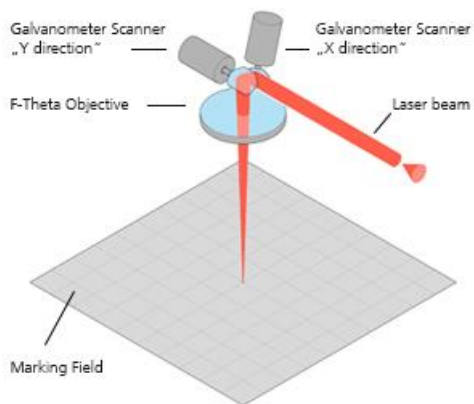
Laser Marking – Why Laser Marking?

- No Ink or heat source required
- Clean environment
- No consumables
- Low processing cost
- High reliability
- Permanent mark
- Easy to sync with existing production line
- Better visibility
- High flexibility over materials
- High speed
- Fast turnaround time
- Non-contact process
- High accuracy & repeatability
- High Resolution

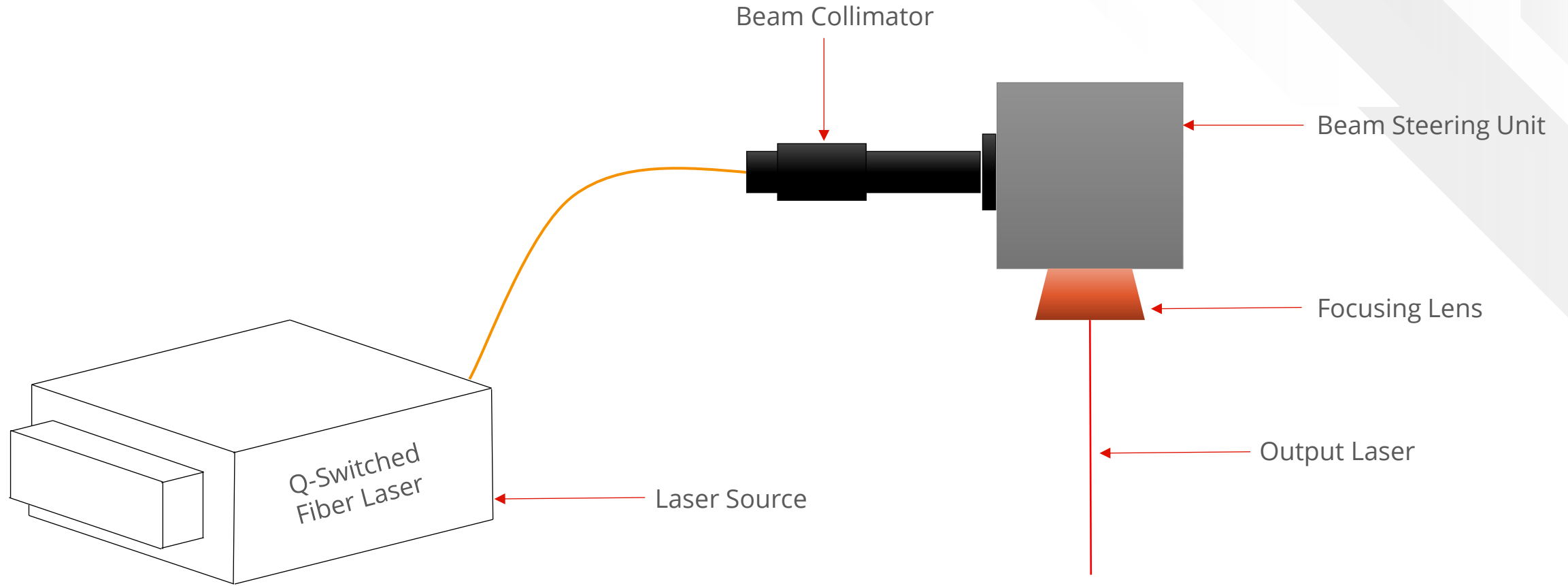


Laser Marking - Setup

- The machine has 3 main parts
 - Laser
 - Controller
 - Surface
- The beam emitted from it allows the controller to trace patterns onto the surface
- The controller (usually a computer) controls the direction, intensity, speed of movement and spread of the laser beam aimed at the surface



Laser Marking - Setup



Proposed Schematic



ProPress
Connecting Rod Fracturing Solution

Version 2.0

Schematic - Machine

Sacrificial Viewing Window

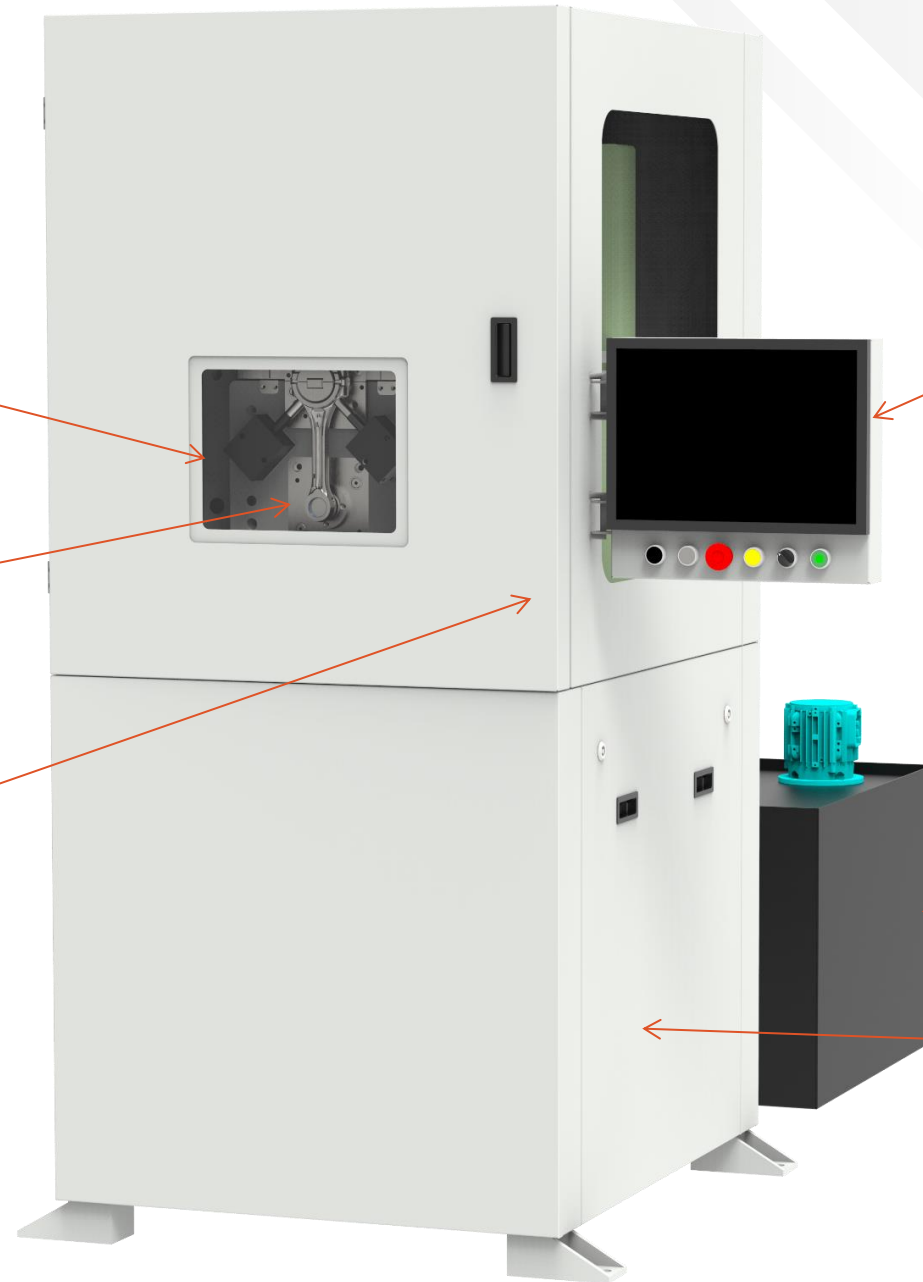
Fixture with Job

Fixture Maintenance Door

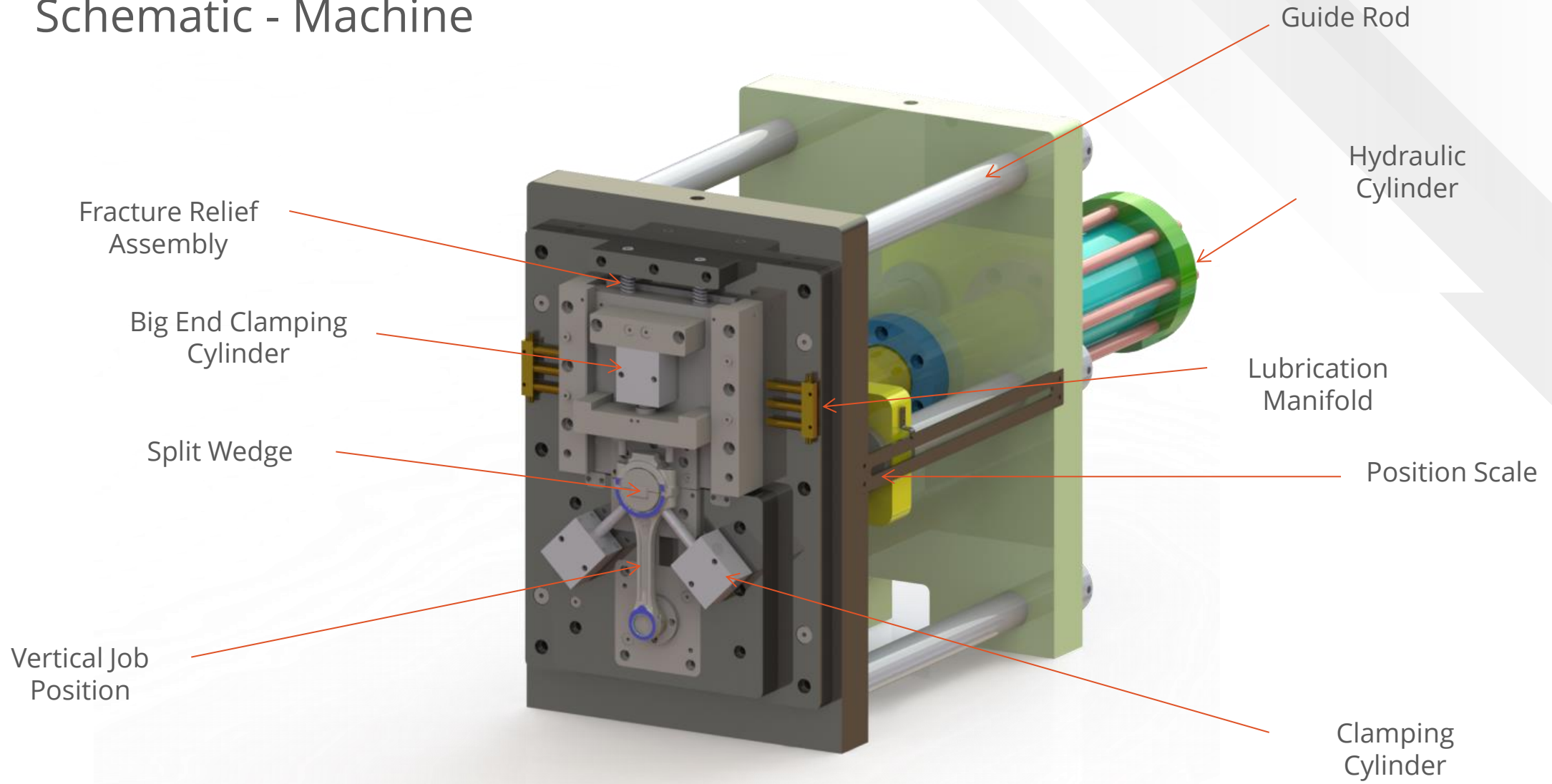
Flexible Operating Panel

Hydraulic Power Pack

Electrical Cabinet



Schematic - Machine



Process Flow

